

A New Approach to Geometrical Convergence of Schwarz Method for Parabolic Quasi-Variational Inequalities.

Mohammed Beggas,
Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Exact Sciences, University of El-Oued, Eloued, Algeria,
mohammed-beggas@univ-eloued.dz

Abstract

Historically, Schwarz method has been introduced by Herman Amondus Schawarz, in order to resolve a purely theoretical matters. The Schawarz alternating method has been used to solve the stationary or evolutionary boundary valued problems, on domain which consists of two or more overlapping sub-domains.

.In this work we provide a new approach to geometrical convergence of Schwarz Method for Parabolic Quasi- Variational Inequalities.

We consider a parabolic quasi-variational inequalities .

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + Au \leq f \quad \forall u \in K \\ u \leq Mu \\ Mu = k + \inf u(x + \epsilon), \quad \epsilon \geq 0 \end{array} \right.$$

where $k > 0$, M is operator satisfies $Mu \in W^{2,\infty}(\Omega)$ and K is an implicit convex and non empty set. The sequences (u_h^{2n}) , (u_h^{2n+1}) , $n \geq 0$ produced by the Schwarz alternating method converge geometrically to the solution u_h of the discret parabolic quasi-variational inequalities (PQVI).

Keywords: Schwarz Method, geometrical convergence, Parapolique Quasi-Variational Inequalities.

2020 Mathematics Subject Classification Numbers: 65K15, 65N30, 65N15.

References

- [1] M.Haiour and S.Boulaaras, Overlapping domain decomposition method for elliptic quasi-variational inequalities related to impulse control problem with mixed boundary conditions, Pro.I.Acad,sci(Math Sci), Vol 121, No.4, 2011, 481-493.
- [2] P.L.lions, On the Schwarz alternating method I .First international symposium on domain decomposition methods for partial difirentiel equations, SLAM, philadel_a 1988.
- [2] S. Boulaaras and M. Haiour, L^∞ -asymptotic behavior for a _nite element approximation in parabolic quasi-variational inequalities related to impulse control problem," Appl. Math. Comput., 217, 6443{6450 (2011).